

- 1サイクル間に減衰力のたす仕事.

減衰自由振動.

$$\ddot{x} + 2\omega \dot{x} + \omega^2 x = 0.$$

$$x(t) = e^{-ht} (c_1 \cos \omega \sqrt{1-h^2} t + c_2 \sin \omega \sqrt{1-h^2} t)$$

$$x(0) = a, \quad \dot{x}(0) = 0 \quad \text{とすると}$$

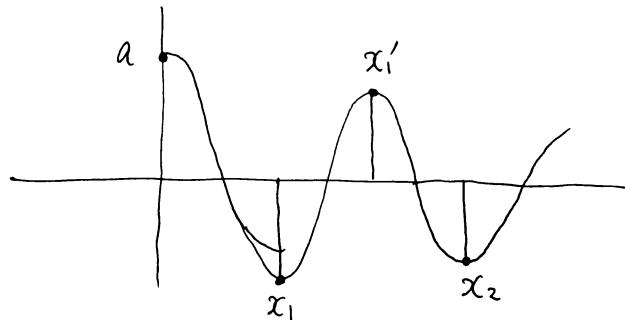
$$x(0) = c_1 = a.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}(t) &= -h a e^{-ht} \left(c_1 \cos \omega \sqrt{1-h^2} t + c_2 \sin \omega \sqrt{1-h^2} t \right) \\ &\quad + e^{-ht} \left(\omega \sqrt{1-h^2} (-c_1) \sin \omega \sqrt{1-h^2} t + \omega \sqrt{1-h^2} c_2 \cos \omega \sqrt{1-h^2} t \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{x}(0) = -h a \cdot c_1 + \omega \sqrt{1-h^2} c_2 = 0.$$

$$\therefore c_2 = \frac{h a}{\omega \sqrt{1-h^2}} \cdot c_1 = \frac{h}{\sqrt{1-h^2}} \cdot a$$

$$\therefore x(t) = a \cdot e^{-ht} \left(\cos \omega \sqrt{1-h^2} t + \frac{h}{\sqrt{1-h^2}} \sin \omega \sqrt{1-h^2} t \right)$$

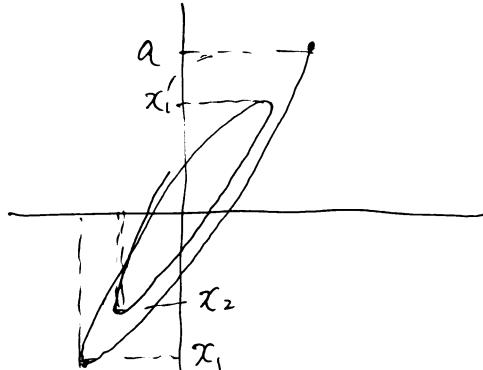


1サイクル間に減衰力のたす
仕事 ΔW

$$\Delta W = \frac{1}{2} k x_1^2 - \frac{1}{2} k x_2^2.$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2} k x_1'^2 \quad \text{とすると}.$$

$$\frac{\Delta W}{W} = \frac{x_1^2 - x_2^2}{x_1'^2} = \left(\frac{x_1^2}{x_1'^2} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{x_2^2}{x_1'^2} \right)^2$$



\therefore x_1 と x_1' の時刻差 $\omega \frac{T}{2}$ である.

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{x_1}{x_1'} \right)^2 &= \left(\frac{e^{-ht} (\cos \omega t)}{e^{-ht} (\cos \omega (t+\frac{T}{2}))} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{e^{-ht}}{e^{-ht} \cdot e^{-h\frac{T}{2}}} \right)^2 \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{e^{-h\frac{T}{2}}} \right)^2 = e^{+h\omega T} = e^{2\pi h} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore h = \frac{1}{4\pi} \frac{\Delta W}{W}$$

$$\left(\frac{x_2}{x_1'} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{e^{-ht} (\cos \omega (t+T))}{e^{-ht} (\cos \omega (t+\frac{T}{2}))} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{e^{-ht} \cdot e^{-h\omega T}}{e^{-ht} \cdot e^{-h\frac{T}{2}}} \right)^2$$

参考文献
最新耐震構造解説

$$= \left(\frac{e^{-h\omega T}}{e^{-h\frac{T}{2}}} \right)^2 = \left(e^{-\frac{h\omega T}{2}} \right)^2 = e^{-h\omega T} = e^{-2\pi h}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \frac{\Delta W}{W} &= e^{2\pi h} - e^{-2\pi h} = 1 + 2\pi h + \left(\frac{2\pi h}{2!} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{2\pi h}{3!} \right)^3 + \dots \\ &= 4\pi h. \quad - \left(1 + (-2\pi h) + \frac{(-2\pi h)^2}{2!} + \dots \right) \end{aligned}$$